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B.Sc./3rd Sem (H)/ZOO/22(CBCS)

2022

3rd Semester Examination ZOOLOGY (Honours)

Paper: C 7-T

(Fundamentals of Biochemistry)

[CBCS]



Full Marks: 40

Time: Two Hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks. Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.

- 1. Answer any *five* questions from following: $2 \times 5 = 10$
 - (a) What is isoelectric pH?
 - (b) Name the sugars that are present in DNA and RNA. Which RNA serves as template for protein synthesis?
 - (c) What is Z-form of DNA? How does it differ from B-form?
 - (d) Name one aromatic amino acid and one positively charged amino acid.
 - (e) Name the electron donors of oxidative phosphorylation process.

- (f) Explain why a single stranded nucleic acid molecule will be more efficient in absorbing UV radiation at 260nm than a double stranded molecule at the same UV wavelength.
- (g) Where does β-oxidation of fatty acids occur? What is ketogenesis?
- (h) What is Chargaff's rule? For a given double stranded molecule write the correct equation from below.

$$\frac{A+T}{G+C} = 1 \left[\frac{A+G}{T+C} = 1 \right] \frac{A+G}{T+C} \neq 1 \left[\frac{A+G}{T+C} \right]$$

- 2. Answer any four questions from following: 5×4=20
 - (a) What is gluconeogenesis? Mention the key steps and regulations of gluconeogenesis pathway.

1+4=5

(b) What is transition state of an enzyme-catalyzed reaction? What is free energy of activation? Name the major forces that reduce the free energy of activation in an enzyme-catalyzed reaction?

2+2+1=5

- (c) What is proton motive force? How is this force generated? How is this force used to drive ATP synthesis?

 1+2+2=5
- (d) Briefly describe the reactions of the investment phase of glycolysis mentioning enzymes involved.

- (e) Mention and briefly describe different levels of protein structure. What are the structural motifs that play crucial role in shaping secondary structure of proteins?
 4+1=5
- (f) Write short notes on:
 - Allosteric enzymes.

• Feedback inhibition. 21/2+21/2=5

- 3. Answer any *one* question from following: 10×1=10
 - (a) Why β-oxidation is called so? Briefly describe the steps of β-oxidation process with schematic reactions of each step. How many molecules of ATP can be generated after complete oxidation of palmitic acid? 1+7+2=10
 - (b) What is urea cycle and where does it occur?

 Briefly describe the steps of urea cycle with enzymes involved in the step.

 2+8=10